Year 1 Primary Curriculum for English (Draft)



ding: Pupils should be taught to		www.Primary		
	Reading:			
respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes		read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught		
read words containing taught GPCs and 's', 'es', 'ing', 'ed', 'er' 'est' endings		other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs		
read words quickly and accurately when they have been frequently encountered without overt sounding and blending	th	read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll, we'll, and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)		
read aloud accurately books which closely match their growin word-reading knowledge	re-read books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading			
Comprehension:				
understand the books they can already read accurately and fluently by:				
a. drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher	n b. checking	b. checking that the book makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading		
c. discussing events in the book	d. inferring wha	d. inferring what characters might be like from what they say and do		
e. predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far				
develop pleasure in reading and motivation to read by:				
a. listening to and discussing a wide range of poems and stories at level beyond that which they can read independently				
c. becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales d. recognising and joining in with predictable phrase				
e. learning by heart and reciting rhymes and poems				
participate in discussion about a story that is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say explain clearly their understanding of a story that is read to the				
ting - Transcription: Pupils should be taught to				
Sp	elling:			
spell:				
a. words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught		b. common exception words, e.g. the, said, one, two		
c. the days of the week				
name the letters of the alphabet:				
a. naming the letters of the alphabet in order b. using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound				
add prefixes and suffixes:				
a. using the spelling rule for adding 's' or 'es' as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs	b. using the prefix un			
induction of notice that the time person singular market for verses				

c. using -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g. helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest) apply simple spelling rules and guidelines, as listed in write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher

Appendix 1

that include words taught so far

Handwriting:

sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly form capital letters

begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place form digits 0-9

understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these

Writing - Composition: Pupils should be taught to

write sentences by:				
a. saying out loud what they are going to write about		b. composing a sentence orally before writing it		
c. sequencing sentences to form short narratives		d. re-reading what they have written to check it makes sense		
discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils	rea	read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher		
Grammar and punctuation:				
understand how spoken language can be represented in writing by:				
a. leaving spaces between words		b. using the word 'and' to join words and join sentences		
c. beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark		d. using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'l'		
e. the days of the week				
use the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 in discussing their writing				